MEMORANDUM

August 5, 2015

TO: Landmarks Board

FROM: Lesli Ellis, Comprehensive Planning Manager

Debra Kalish, Sr. Assistant City Attorney

James Hewat, Senior Historic Preservation Planner Marcy Cameron, Historic Preservation Planner Angela Smelker, Historic Preservation Intern

SUBJECT: Public hearing and consideration of an application for a

Landmark Alteration Certificate to build a 451 sq. ft.

detached, one-car garage with second-story studio at 820 Spruce St. in the Mapleton Hill Historic District, per section 9-11-18 of the Boulder Revised Code 1981 (HIS2015-00151).

STATISTICS:

1. Site: 820 Spruce Street

2. Zoning: RL-1 (Residential-Low 1)

3. Lot size: 7,062 sq. ft.

4. Existing House: 2,998 sq. ft. (including recently

approved 48 sq. ft. addition).

5. Proposed Garage: 451 sq. ft.

6. Applicant/Owner: David Waugh, Judy Amabile

7. Date of Construction: c. 1890

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

If the applicant complies with the conditions listed below, staff considers the proposed construction of an addition and construction of a new garage on the property will be generally consistent with the conditions specified in Section 9-11-18, Boulder Revised Code 1981 ("B.R.C. 1981"), the *General Design Guidelines*, and the *Mapleton Hill Design Guidelines*. Staff recommends that the Landmarks Board adopt the following motion:

I move that the Landmarks Board adopt the staff memorandum dated July 1, 2015, as the findings of the board, and approve a Landmark Alteration Certificate for the proposed

construction shown on plans dated 05/27/2015, finding that the proposed new construction generally meets the standards for issuance of a Landmark Alteration Certificate in Chapter 9-11-18, B.R.C. 1981, subject to the following conditions:

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL:

- 1. The applicant shall be responsible for constructing the garage in compliance with the approved plans dated 05/27/2015, except as modified by these conditions of approval.
- 2. Prior to submitting a building permit application and final issuance of the Landmark Alteration Certificate, the applicant shall submit a revised design that simplifies the mass and design of the proposed garage including the roof form to ensure that it is more subordinate to and compatible with the historic house and character of the alleyscape.
- 3. Prior to submitting a building permit application and final issuance of the Landmark Alteration Certificate, the applicant shall provide details on the rehabilitation of the existing house.
- 4. Prior to submitting a building permit application and final issuance of the Landmark Alteration Certificate, the applicant shall submit the following, which shall be subject to the final review and approval of the Landmarks design review committee (Ldrc): window and door details, wall material details, siding material details, paint colors, roofing material details and details regarding any hardscaping on the property to ensure that the approval is consistent with the *General Design Guidelines* and the *Mapleton Hill Historic District Guidelines* and the intent of this approval.

SUMMARY:

- Because the application calls for free-standing construction of more than 340 sq. ft., it requires review by the full Board in a public hearing pursuant to § 9-11-14(b), B.R.C. 1981.
- Constructed in the 1890s and within the (1865-1946) period-of-significance for the Mapleton Hill Historic District, the property retains a high degree of historic integrity and contributing to the district.
- Provided the conditions are met and the design of the building is simplified (and reviewed and approved by the Landmarks design review committee (Ldrc)), staff finds the proposed new construction will be generally consistent with the criteria for a Landmark Alteration Certificate per 9-11-18(a) & (b)(1)-

- (4), B.R.C. 1981, the *General Design Guidelines* and the *Mapleton Hill Design Guidelines*.
- This recommendation is based upon the understanding that, pursuant to the conditions of approval, revision to the design will be reviewed and approved by the Ldrc prior to the issuance of a Landmark Alteration Certificate.

PROPERTY HISTORY:



Figure 1. Tax Assessor photo of 820 Spruce Street, c. 1949.

The one and one-half story house at 820 Spruce St. was constructed about 1895 and while fairly typical of a house built for middle class families in Boulder during this period, its hipped roof configuration with extending gables is relatively unusual.



Figure 2. 820 Spruce Street, 2015

Sanborn Maps indicate the house was built between 1890 and 1895 with the address first appearing in the 1896 City Directory. Deed research shows that James C. Hankins purchased the property from N.E. Nicholson in 1891. Hankins was an official with the National State Bank, serving as secretary and as Vice President of the bank for many years. He and his wife, Margaret, are listed as living at the house only from 1896-1898, after which time they are shown to have moved to 1120 Pine Street. James Hankins did not sell 820 Spruce Street, but had his daughter, Lulu (Louise), and his son-in-law, Daniel E. McAllister move into the house.



Figure 3. Lulu and Daniel E. McAllister, c. 1930.

Daniel McAllister was the president and general manager of the McAllister Lumber and Supply Company during the early 1900s and later assumed directorship of the National State Bank in 1919 where he remained until 1941. Daniel's father, Ira T. McAllister, founded the McAllister Lumber and Supply Company at 15th and Canyon Boulevard. Daniel was born in New Hampshire in 1872 and came to Boulder with his parents in the early 1870s. Lulu, his wife, was born in Iowa and moved to Gold Hill with her parents as a small child in 1879. Lulu Hankins and Daniel McAllister were married in 1897, the same year Lulu received her bachelor's degree in philosophy from the University of Colorado.

Lulu and Daniel are also associated with the property designed by Glen Huntington at 1160 Cascade Avenue where they lived from 1922 to 1941. The McAllister house at 1619 Pine Street was Individually Landmarked in 1977 for its association with the family including Daniel McAllister, his brother William, and father Ira, who lived there for many years.

820 Spruce Street was sold to Harry and Gertrude Shimpfky in 1926 who owned it until 1957. Born in Denver in 1889, Harry was employed as a Boulder mail carrier for 25 years. The next owners were Fred and Mary Jane Caby, who owned the property from 1957-1970. Fred and Mary owned a farm in Lebanon, Missouri, and newspaper articles state that the Cabys were in "Boulder intermittently" from the 1930s to the early 1960s, when Fred died.



Figure 4. View of a one-horse surrey with 820 Spruce Street in the background, c. 1884-1899.

DESCRIPTION:

The property is located on the south side of Spruce Street 8th and 9th Streets, in the Tourtellot and Squires addition to the city, which was platted in 1870. The 2,998 sq. ft. house is located on an average sized 7,062 sq. ft. Mapleton Hill neighborhood lot. The maximum floor area for the property is 3,500 sq. ft. With the new garage, a total of 3,497 is being proposed.



Figure 5. Location Map, 820 Spruce St.

The one and a half story hipped roof building has intersecting gables with a gable-front façade. Upper gable faces have wood shingles and overhanging eaves with return. The front gable end has a group of three double-hung windows. On the façade there is an off-center door, and a full width porch and groups of paired double hung windows surround the first story.

An attached, flat-roofed frame garage is located at the southwest corner of the house. According to the 2005 Historic Building Inventory Record, the existing garage was constructed in 1922. The garage features a curved parapet and two narrow side-hinged wood paneled doors with four-light windows that face north to Spruce Street. The south elevation of the garage also has a curved parapet and three side-hinged doors with single-pane glazing. The garage is very narrow and likely cannot accommodate a modern car. At the time of the survey, the building was in excellent condition and is considered as contributing. This garage is accessed from Spruce Street by a concrete driveway.



Figure 6. Looking into property from alley, historic garage at left center

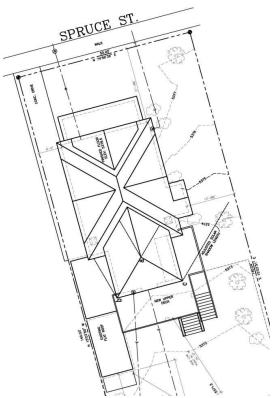


Figure 7. Existing site plan of 820 Spruce Street

PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION

The proposal calls for construction of a new two-story, one car garage with an upper level studio to be located on alley at the south side of the property. The proposed building is shown to be 451 sq. ft. A distance of approximately 40 ft. is shown between the north wall of the proposed garage and the south (rear) wall of the existing house. Plans show the upper level of the proposed garage to be accessed by and exterior stair on the west side of the new building.

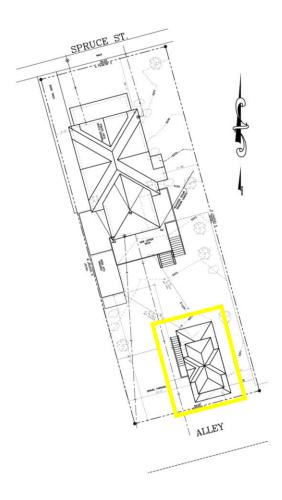


Figure 8. Proposed garage outlined in yellow.



Figure 9. Proposed West and South Elevations.

In elevation, the proposed garage is shown to feature a two-story mass with a hipped roof.

Since the proposed garage sits behind the existing house, the addition will be only slightly visible when viewed straight on from the street, but will be visible from the Pearl Street alley, which is mostly used to service all the commercial businesses on the north side of Pearl Street.

The west elevation is shown to have a door on the first level and a staircase with a small landing that leads to a door on the second story. The south elevation is shown to have an overhead garage door on the first floor and paired doublehung windows on the second story.





Figure 10. Proposed North and East Elevations.

Plans show that the north elevation will feature a centrally located door on the first floor and one double-hung window on the second story. The east elevation will be fenestrated by one pair of double-hung windows.

The proposed garage is shown to have siding similar to the existing house. Details on windows, doors, roofing and treatment of exterior materials on the existing house were not specified in the application.

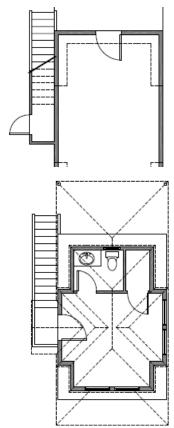


Figure 11. Floor plan of first floor (left) and second story studio (right).

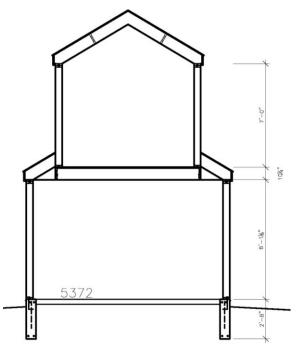


Figure 12. Drawing showing heights of proposed garage, March 10th, 2015.

CRITERIA FOR THE BOARD'S DECISION

Subsection 9-11-18(b) and (c), B.R.C. 1981, sets forth the standards the Landmarks Board must apply when reviewing a request for a Landmark Alteration Certificate.

- (b) Neither the Landmarks Board nor the City Council shall approve a Landmark Alteration Certificate unless it meets the following conditions:
 - (1) The proposed work preserves, enhances, or restores and does not damage or destroy the exterior architectural features of the landmark or the subject property within an historic district;
 - (2) The proposed work does not adversely affect the special character or special historic, architectural, or aesthetic interest or value of the landmark and its site or the district;
 - (3) The architectural style, arrangement, texture, color, arrangement of color, and materials used on existing and proposed constructions are compatible with the character of the existing landmark and its site or the historic district;
 - (4) With respect to a proposal to demolish a building in an historic district, the proposed new construction to replace the building meets the requirements of paragraphs (b)(2) and (3) above.
- (c) In determining whether to approve a Landmark Alteration Certificate, the Landmarks Board shall consider the economic feasibility of alternatives, incorporation of energy-efficient design, and enhanced access for the disabled.

ANALYSIS

1. Does the proposed application preserve, enhance, or restore, and not damage or destroy the exterior architectural features of the landmark or the subject property within an historic district?

Provided the listed conditions are met and the design of the garage is simplified to be more in character with the historic house at 820 Spruce Street, the proposed new construction will not damage the historic character of the property or the district and will be consistent with the *General Design Guidelines* and the *Mapleton Hill Historic District Guidelines* (see Design Guidelines Analysis section).

2. Does the proposed application adversely affect the special character or special historic, architectural, or aesthetic interest or value of the district?

Staff finds that, provided the listed conditions are met, the proposed application will not adversely affect the special character or special historic, architectural, or aesthetic interest or value of the landmark property as it will be generally compatible with the *General Design Guidelines* and the *Mapleton Hill Design Guidelines* in terms of mass, scale, height, design and color (see Design Guidelines Analysis section).

3. Is the architectural style, arrangement, texture, color, arrangement of color, and materials used on existing and proposed structures compatible with the character of the historic district?

Staff finds that, provided the listed conditions are met, the proposed one-car garage will be generally compatible with the character of the historic district in terms of mass, scale, height, setback, and design (see Design Guidelines Analysis section).

4. Does the proposal to demolish the building within the Mapleton Hill Historic District and the proposed new construction to replace the proposed demolished building meet the requirements of paragraphs 9-11-18(b)(2), 9-11-18(b)(3) and 9-11-18(b)(4) of this section?

Not applicable.

DESIGN GUIDELINES ANALYSIS:

The Historic Preservation Ordinance sets forth the standards the Landmarks Board must apply when reviewing a request for a Landmark Alteration Certificate. The Board has adopted the *General Design Guidelines* to help interpret the historic preservation ordinance. The following is an analysis of the proposed new construction with respect to relevant guidelines. Design guidelines are intended to be used as an aid to appropriate design and not as a checklist of items for compliance.

The following is an analysis of the proposal's compliance with the appropriate sections of the *General Design Guidelines*.

GENERAL DESIGN GUIDELINES –GARAGES & OTHER ACCESSORY STRUCTURES

2.3	Site Design: Alleys				
	The alleys in historic districts were traditionally used for secondary access to the houses, for deliveries, and as storage places for horses and buggies, and later, for cars. A view of the backyards from the alleys was maintained. While today's alleys have evolved into use as pedestrian paths for jogging, bicycling and dog walking, they still contribute to the historic character of the neighborhood. They are typically minimally paved. Along the alleys are historic accessory buildings of various shapes and sizes including barns, chicken coops, sheds and small garages. This variety contributes to the general feeling of human scale in the alleys.				
	Guidelines	Analysis	Conforms?		
.1	Maintain alley access for parking and retain the character of alleys as clearly secondary access to properties.	Rear parking is maintained by the proposal.	Yes		
.2	Retain and preserve the variety and character found in the existing historic accessory buildings along the alleys.	toric bistoric buildings on the alloy of the			
.3	The use of historically proportioned materials for building new accessory buildings contributes to the human scale of the alleys. For example, narrower lap siding and smaller brick are appropriate.	New garage shown to be clad in wide board siding. Review details at the Ldrc.	Maybe		
.5	Maintain adequate spacing between accessory building so that the view of the main house is not obscured, and the alley does not evolve into a tunnel-like passage.	The location of the proposed garage will allow for views into the property and will not result in a tunnel-like effect on the alley.	Yes		

7.2	New Accessory Buildings				
	New accessory buildings should follow the character and pattern of historic accessory structures. While they should take design cues from the primary structure, they must be subordinate to the primary structure in size, massing, and detailing. Alley buildings should maintain a scale that is pleasant to walk along and comfortable for pedestrians.				
	Guideline	Analysis	Meets Guideline?		
Loca	Location and Orientation				

.1	It is inappropriate to introduce a new garage or accessory building if doing so will detract from the overall historic character of the principal building and the site, or if it will require removal of a significant historic building element or site feature, such as a mature tree.	Garage is proposed to be located at the rear of the lot and does not require removal of a significant historic building elements.	Yes
.2	New garages and accessory buildings should generally be located at the rear of the lot, respecting the traditional relationship of such buildings to the primary structure and the site.	Proposed garage will be located at the rear of the lot.	Yes
.3	Maintain adequate spacing between accessory buildings so alleys do not evolve into tunnellike passageways.	The location of the proposed garage will allow for views into the property and will not result in a tunnel-like effect on the alley.	Yes
.4	Preserve a backyard area between the house and the accessory buildings, maintaining the general proportion of built mass to open space found within the area.	The site plan indicates approximately 40' between the back wall of the house and garden side wall providing for adequate backyard area.	Yes
	Mass and Scale		
.5	New accessory structures should take design cues from the primary structure on the site, but be subordinate to it in terms of size and massing.	Proposed two-story garage is complex in form and not reflective of main house. Pitch of roof is considerably lower; stepped back second story is out of character with property and district as a whole. Consider reducing addition to one and a half story with simplified single roof form reflecting pitch on main house. Revise design for review at the Ldrc.	No
.6	New garages for single-family residences should generally be one story tall and shelter no more than two cars. In some cases, a two-car	Proposed addition is two stories tall and will shelter one car. Reduce to one or one and a half story in height. Revise design for review at the Ldrc.	No

	garage may be inappropriate.	(see .5 above).	
.7	Roof form and pitch should be complimentary to the primary structure.	Existing house is simple in form and detailing; steps should be taken to simplify forms and reduce overall mass and scale, fenestration, and refining materiality of garage which is complex in form and detail and out of character with main house. Revise design for review at the Ldrc. (see .5 & .6 above).	No
	Materials and Detailing		
.8	Accessory structures should be simpler in design and detail than the primary building.	Existing house is simple in form and detailing; steps should be taken to simplify forms and reduce overall mass and scale, fenestration, and refining materiality of garage which is complex in form and detail and out of character with main house. Revise design for review at the Ldrc. (see .5, .6, & .7 above).	No
.9	Materials for new garages and accessory structures should be compatible with those found on the primary structure and in the district. Vinyl siding and prefabricated structures are inappropriate.	Siding material details not submitted with application. Submit for review by the Ldrc.	Maybe
.10	Windows, like all elements of accessory structures, should be simpler in detailing and smaller in scale than similar elements on primary structures. See Sections 3.7 and 4.5 for additional direction.	Window details not submitted with application. Submit for review by the Ldrc.	Maybe
.12	Garage doors should be consistent with the historic scale and materials of traditional accessory structures. Wood is the most appropriate material, and two	Garage door appears out of character with those found on historic garages in the Mapleton Hill Historic District. Material and detail not submitted with application. Revise doors	Maybe

smaller doors may be more	according to guidelines and submit	
appropriate than one large door.	for Ldrc review.	

Mapleton Hill Historic District Guidelines

В	SITE					
	Traditional settlement patterns generally placed houses in the center of a site, with garages, carriage houses, etc. and parking at the rear					
	Guideline Analysis Conforms?					
.1	Accessory buildings such as sheds and garages, and driveways should be located at the rear of the lot as is traditional. Adding them between existing buildings interrupts the rhythm and spacing. Accessory building setback approximately 5 ft. from the south property line. Proposed location will not result in a tunnel-like passageway given the setback of the building from the south property line.		Yes			
2.	Accessory buildings should generally be small in scale and mass and simply detailed. They are clearly secondary in importance to the primary house. Proposed building is clearly secondary to main house, but design should be revised to simplify (see 7.2 (.512) of General Design Guidelines above).		No			

D ALLEYS, EASEMENTS AND ACCESSWAYS

Alleys are a strong visual element of the district, and have much variety of scale and detail. They play an important part in the development patterns that give the more visible areas their character. Alleys provide access to rear parking and garages. They have a varied edge quality, with building both on the property lines and set back. The size and quality of these accessory building varies considerably. Careful consideration should be given to changes in traditional use.

	Guideline	Analysis	Conforms?
1.	The use of alleys to provide access to the rear of properties should be preserved	Access to rear of property preserved.	Yes

2.	Efforts should be made to protect the variety of shape, size, and alignment of buildings along the alleys. Alleys should maintain a human scale and be sensitive to pedestrians.	Proposal will preserve variety found on immediate alleyscape.	Yes
5.	Efforts should be made to maintain character of the alleys in the district	Proposal will preserve variety found on immediate alleyscape.	Yes

P	GARAGES, CARPORTS AND ACCESSORY STRUCTURES					
	A variety of accessory buildings has been adapted for use as garages in the Mapleton Hill Historic District. Whether carriage houses or sheds, these structures have certain similarities. They are plain and utilitarian and are located at the rear of the property on the alley. Materials and building elements are varied.					
	Guideline	Analysis	Conforms?			
3.	If a new building is to be constructed, design ideas might be found in existing historic accessory buildings located nearby	Existing house is simple in form and detailing; steps should be taken to simplify forms and reduce overall mass and scale, fenestration, and refining materiality of garage which is complex in form and detail and out of character with main house. Revise design for review at the Ldrc.	No			
4.	The new building should be secondary in nature to the main house and smaller in scale.	Proposed building is clearly secondary to main house, but design should be revised to simplify (see 7.2 (.512) of General Design Guidelines above).	No			
5.	Accessory buildings should be small in scale and mass, and constructed in a manner which is complimentary to the character of the house and alley. They are clearly secondary in importance to the primary structure. Typically, prefabricated sheds are discouraged.	Proposed garage is complex in form and detail and out of character with main house. Revise design for review at the Ldrc.	No			

Staff considers that the design of the garage should be simplified to provide for a one, or one and one-half story garage with massing and roof form complementary to the contributing house on the property. The two-story form with complex, low-pitch roof forms is inconsistent with the character of the property and the district as a whole. Staff considers that the Landmarks design review committee (Ldrc) can review and approve a design that is simplified and reduced in scale as described.

Pending redesign and review by the Landmark design review committee, staff considers the proposed construction of a new garage will be generally consistent with the Historic Preservation Ordinance (Section 9-11-18 (a) & (b)(1)-(4) B.R.C. 1981), Section 4 and 7.2 of the *General Design Guidelines*, and Sections B, D and P of the *Mapleton Hill Design Guidelines*.

FINDINGS:

Provided the conditions outlined in the staff recommendation are met, staff recommends that the Landmarks Board approve the application and adopt the following findings:

- 1. The proposed new construction will meet the standards in Section 9-11-18, B.R.C. 1981.
- 2. The proposed construction will not have an adverse effect on the value of the landmark property, as it will be generally compatible in terms of mass, scale, or orientation with other buildings in the district.
- 3. In terms of mass, scale, and orientation, the proposal will be generally consistent with Section 9-11-18(a) & (b)(1)-(4), B.R.C. 1981, the *General Design Guidelines*, and the *Mapleton Hill Historic District Design Guidelines*.

ATTACHMENTS:

- A: Historic Building Inventory and Tax Assessors Card
- B: Photographs
- C: Applicant's Materials

Attachment A: Historic Building Inventory and Tax Assessors Card

COLORADO HISTORICAL SOCIETY Diffice of Archaeology and Historic Preservation 1300 Broadway, Denver, Colorado 80203		Ī	Elig	NOT FOR FIELD) USE Nominate		٦
HISTORIC BUILDING INVENTORY RECORD		_		Not Eligible	Certifie		٠.
PROJECT NAME: Boulder Survey of Historic Places, 1994	COUNTY: Boulder	CITY: Boulder		STATE ID NO.: 58	L4804		
,				TEMPORARY NO.: 14	461-25-4-25	-004	
CURRENT BUILDING NAME:	OWNER: SMITH S	YBIL GILLETT					
ADDRESS: 820 SPRUCE ST	820 SPR BOULDER		80302				
BOULDER, CO 80302	TOWNSHIP 1N	RANGE 7	1W	SECTION 25	SE 1/4	SE 1/	14
HISTORIC NAME: McAllister Residence	U.S.G.S. QUAD	NAME: Boulde		: 1966 (PR1979)	x 7.5'	15	;,
DISTRICT NAME: Mapleton Hill	BLOCK: N/A ADDITION: Tour	tellot & Squ	LOT(S ires		DITION: 18	70	
FILM ROLL NO.: 94- 9 BY: R. Whitacre 28A	LOCATION OF NE Boulder City P		EST SOU	E OF CONSTRUCTION: IMATE: 1890s RCE: born Map, 1900	ACTUAL:		8
·			Res HIS	: SENT: idential TORIC: idential			
ATTACH PHOTOGRAPH HERE				DITION: EXCELLENT FAIR	X GOOD DETERI	ORATING	.
9			X	ENT OF ALTERATIONS MINOR MOD CRIBE:	S: DERATE	MAJO)R
				CONTINUED	YES	X N	10
STYLE: Vernacular Wood Frame		STORIES: 1 1/2		GINAL SITE X E(S) OF MOVE:	MOVED		
MATERIALS: Wood, Stone		SQ. FOOTAGE: 2048	: NAT	IONAL REGISTER ELI	GIBILITY		
ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION: One-and-a-half-story hipped roof dwelling with inters with clapboard; corner boards; stone foundation. Upp shingles. Overhanging eaves with return. Front gabl double-hung windows. Two-story gabled bay on east. glazed door. Double-hung windows with architrave sur	er gable faces e end has group Off-center, pan	have wood of three, eled and	LOC		RICT:	NO NO	
width, shed-roofed porch with classical column suppor with clapboard. Brick chimney.	ts atop low wal	ls sided	ASS TYP	OCIATED BUILDINGS	YES	X N	10
*	CONTINUED? Y	ES X NO	IF	INVENTORIED, LIST	ID NOS.:		
ADDITIONAL PAGES: YES X NO			1_				

PLAN SHAPE:	ARCHITECT:	STATE ID NO.: 5BL4804
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		ORIGINAL OWNER: Unknown
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	H	- SOURCE.
	BUILDER/CONTRACTOR:	
	H	
	SOURCE:	THEME(S): Urban Residential Neighborhoods,
[+	1858-present
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY (DESCRIPTION, NAMES, DA	TES, ETC., RELATING TO MAJOR ALTERATIONS TO	ORIGINAL STRUCTURE):
8		
		CONTINUED YES X NO
	SONS AND EVENTS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS STRUCTU	
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	pany. Daniel McAllister attended Boulder sci	
	, N.H. McAllister grew up in the lumber bus	
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	National State Bank from 1919 until his deat	
Lulu Hankins, who was born in Iowa. She was	the daughter of James and Margaret Hankins	and came to Boulder with her
family as a child. Her father was an offic	al of the National State Bank. Lulu McAllis	ter received a degree from the
University of Colorado in 1897 and was marr	ed to Mr. McAllister in the same year.	CONTINUED YES X NO
		CONTINCED 120 A NO
SIGNIFICANCE (CHECK APPROPRIATE CATEGORIES A ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE:	ND BRIEFLY JUSTIFY BELOW): HISTORICAL SIGNIFIC	ANCE -
REPRESENTS THE WORK OF A MASTER	X ASSOCIATED W	ITH SIGNIFICANT PERSONS
POSSESSES HIGH ARTISTIC VALUES X REPRESENTS A TYPE, PERIOD, OR METHO		ITH SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OR PATTERNS TO AN HISTORIC DISTRICT
2 No.	D OI CONSTRUCTION X CONTRIBUTES	TO AN HISTORIC DISTRICT
TIER EVALUATION: Contributing Building		Lee (S.
STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE:		
	n with Daniel E. McAllister, who was preside	THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF T
and the second of the second o	ector of the National State Bank, and preside	
	ntive of the vernacular frame homes built dur	
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include the clapboard and sningles, porch w	th classical columns, and the double-hung wi	ndows.
*		
(a)		CONTINUED YES X NO
		TEO A NO
REFERENCES (BE SPECIFIC): Roulder County Assessor, real estate information	ntion; Boulder Daily Camera biographical files	: Roulder Carnegie Library
	City Directories; Boulder Genealogical Socie	
Boutcer country Assessor Correction, Boutcer		-//
The second of th		
		CONTINUES
		CONTINUED YES X NO
SURVEYED BY: R.L. Simmons/T.H. Simmons	AFFILIATION: Front Range Research Associate	s, Inc. DATE: August 1994



10a. Changes to Location or Size Information:

10b. UTM Coordinates:

Address: 820 SPRUCE ST Boulder, Colorado

COLORADO CULTURAL RESOURCE SURVEY

Cultural Resource Re-evaluation Form: Accessory Building Survey

1. Resource Number: 5BL4804	Temp. Resource Number	•
3. Attachments:	4. Offical determination:	
(Check as many as apply)	OAHP USE ONLY	
✓ Photographs	Determined Eligible	
✓ Priotographs ✓ Site sketch map	Determined Not Eligib	le
<u> </u>	□ Need Data	
U.S.G.S. map photocopy		
U Other	☐ Listed	
Other	☐ Contributing to N.R. □	istrict
	☐ Not Contributing to N.	R. District
Resource Name of Primary Building		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
6. Purpose of this current site visit: Resurve	у	
7. Previous Recordings: Front Range Rese	arch Assoc. Aug. 1994	
8a. Description of Accessory Building:	241	
Flat-roofed frame garage with asphalt roofii	ng, wood siding, Outbuild	ling Type:
cornerboards and door trim. Curved parape		
wood paneled doors with four-light window		ling Material:
South side of garage is wider, features a cu hinged doors with single-pane glazing. A ta	rved parapet, and three side-	
side of the garage.	an rence obscures the south	ling Covering
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	Wood S	olaing
	Outbuild	ling Roof Materia
	Asphalt	i .
8b. Date of Construction: 1922		
8c. Date of Construction Source:		
Building Permit Ledger, Carnegie Library: Mar. Historic Assessor's Card, Carnegie Library: 192 1931 Sanborn Map: building appears on map.		
0.0-18 5 11 1		
9. Condition: Excellent		

Cultural Resource Re-evaluation Form: Accessory Building Survey

page 2 of 2

Address: 820 SPRUCE ST

Boulder, Colorado

Temp. Resource Number

11. Current Ownership

SMITH SYBIL GILLETT 820 SPRUCE ST BOULDER CO 80302

- 12. Other Changes, Additions or Observations:
- 13. Eligibility Assesment:

Individual

District

National Register: N/A

National Register: Contributing

Local Landmark: N/A

Local:

Contributing

Locally Designated Property: NO

- 14. Management Recommendations: N/A
- 15. Photograph Types and Numbers:

Type: B&W

Roll No: 19: 21

Frame No:

21,24: 4

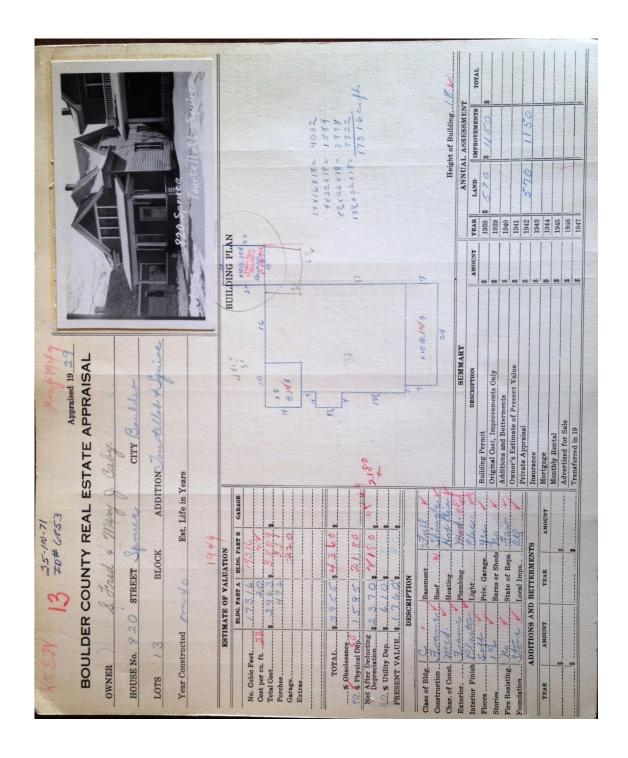
- 16. Artifact and Field Documentation Storage Location N/A
- 17. Report Title: Accessory Building Survey
- 18: Recorder(s): Kathryn Howes Barth, AIA; Lara Ramsey

19: Date(s): Apr. 2005

20: Recorder Affiliation: Kathryn Howes Barth, AIA; Ramsey Planning and Preservation

Colorado Historical Society, Office of Archaeology and Historic Preservation 1300 Broadway, Denver, CO 80203





1—Single Residence 2—Duplex 3—Bungslow, Apt., Crt. 4—Rat or Terrace 5—Apartment House 6—Hotel 7—Store Building	Check Check	ROOF	LIGHT		DESCRIPTION	
low, Apt., Crt. r Terrace ment House	No. of Stories	CONSTRICTION	Check			Give Number
Bungalow, Apt, GrtPlat or Terrace -Apartment HouseHotel -Store Building.	The same		Electricity	ROOMS	STORIES	
-Flat or Terrace -Apartment House -Hotel -Store Building	MOUNTAIN	Wood Shingle	Oil	Basem't	1 2 3	Attie
Apartment House. Hotel Store Building	Brick	Tar and Graval		Living Doom	-	
—Store Building	Stone	Prepared Paper		Dining Room		
Summer a soci	Wood	Sheet Iron	moraro automa	- Dinette		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tile	Copper		- Kitchen		
-Office Building		Concrete Tile	Size	- Breakfast Nook		
10-Hosnital or Sonitarium		Clay Tile.	Construction.	Bed Room	7 08	
11-Rank Building		Slate	Floor	- Bath Room		
19 Thestus		Asbestos Shingle	Roof	Toilet Room		
13 Warehouse	BASEMENT	Tin	Heat Day	Shower Room		
14—Factore	Onerter			Sleeping Porch		
15-Public Garage	Half	STATE		- Sun Room.		
16. Private Career	Three Ourses		SHEDE AND DADNO	Den		
To Counting Offstion	Full Control	Gable	CHARLE AND DANIES	Storage Room		
10 Hot House Station	1	Hip	SizeConst.	Office .		-
to Doubter House of Gr. House	Final a W. n.	Flat	Size Const.	- Halls		
-rountry House	Finished Walls and Ceiling.	Gambrel		8 true		
20-Barns or Sheds	Laundry	Mansard	LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS	The same of the sa		-
	N. C. S.	Leanto	Street Paving			
			Allow Paving	A	FINISH	
		ONIGNITIE	Sidewalka	,		Give Namber
	EXTERIOR	Delin Control	- Curbing	Unfinished		
		Old Style	Water	Plastered, Plain	/	
CONSTRUCTION	Common Brick	Modern	- Storm Sewer	Plastered, Ornam		
1	Pressed Brick	No. Bath Tubs	Sanitary Sewer	Papered		
r rame	Wire Cut Brick	No. Shower Baths	Electricity	Painted or Tinted		
Brick	Glazed Brick	-	Gas	Softwood Floor	/ /	
9	Wood Siding	No. Lavatories	Telephone	Hardwood Floor	/	
Stone	Wood Shingles		-	Softwood Finish	/	4
Concrete, Plain or Block	Cement Stucco	ry Tubs.	7.	Hardwood Finish		
Concrete, Reinforced	Kellastone	No. Sinks	7	Tile		
Steel Frame	Stone	Sanitary Closets	MISCELLANEOUS Give	_		
	Corrugated Iron.	Cess Pool				
CHARACTER OF CONST.	Terra Cotta		Sideboards	Sheetrock		
	Tile	HEATING	Buffet	Celotex		
eap			Cabinet	Wainscoting		
dium		Store		Matal Cailing		
Good		Hot Air	Beam Ceiling 100	Simple state of the state of th		-
Fire Resisting		Hot Water	Incinerator.			
Non-Fire Resisting	OUTSIDE TRIM	Steam	Sky Lights	REM	REMARKS	
		No. Fireplaces	Refrigerator or Cooler			
	W 000 W	No. Dummy Fireplaces	Bay Windows			
STATE OF REPAIRS	Terra Cotta	Air Conditioned	Dormer Windows			-
7	Scone	FUEL	- Porches			
-	Galv. Iron.	-				
	Concrete	Coal JIE New				
		Diff				
New Trees.		Gas				
-	-	Electricity				



Attachment B: Current Photographs









Memo to the Landmarks Board Re: Landmark Alteration Certificate, 820 Spruce S	Street	
	Attachment C:	Applicant's Materials

waugh & associates

architecture o planning o solar design

May 28, 2015

Planning and Development Services – Historic Preservation Program 1739 Broadway Boulder, CO 80302

Landmark Alteration Certificate Application 820 Spruce

This letter is to request a Landmarks Board Alteration Certificate for a new detached garage to be added to an existing home located at 820 Spruce Street. The home is located in the Mapleton Hill Historic District. The existing residence was constructed in the early 1900s, and still retains all of its original construction character. The residence is a two story wood frame structure with a partial walk out basement. It has wood lap siding throughout with wood trim. We proposed a small addition that was approved at the DRC level, but based on the size of the garage it requires full board approval. Hence, this request is to add a 451 square foot one car garage with a small studio above at the south side of the property. The alley used to service a garage from the rear of the house. The house currently has no on site enclosed parking.

The proposed garage would be accessed of the Pearl Street alley, which is quite busy as it services all of the commercial uses on the north side of Pearl Street. We have purposely tried to incorporate a more residential feel as a buffer from the busy commercial alley.

The lot that we are working with is 7,000 square feet, with a slight fall to the alley, which is at the south end of the property. Since the property has no garage, we are proposing to add a one car garage with a small studio above directly off the northern Pearl Street alley. It would be sided with materials similar to the existing residence, with horizontal lap siding.

In conclusion, we respectfully ask for the board's approval to construct the proposed new garage in accordance with the Mapleton Hill Historic Guidelines, that is size appropriate for the lot, and complementary to the existing historic residence.

po box 498 · niwot, colorado · 80544 · 720 · 494 · 7602

820 SPRUCE

Maximum Floor Area Ratio (FAR) and Building Coverage Worksheet

Applicants for new residential construction and additions in the RR-1, RR-2, RE, and RL-1 zoning districts, and applicants for new residential construction and additions for single family dwellings in the RL-2 and RMX-1 zoning districts, including both principal and accessory buildings, are required to complete and submit this worksheet with your building permit application.

Catculate the M	aximum Floor Ai	rea and Building Coverage for your l	ot:
Zoning District	Lot Area	Maximum Floor Area (sf)	Maximum Building Coverage (sf)
21-	1000	3500	2450

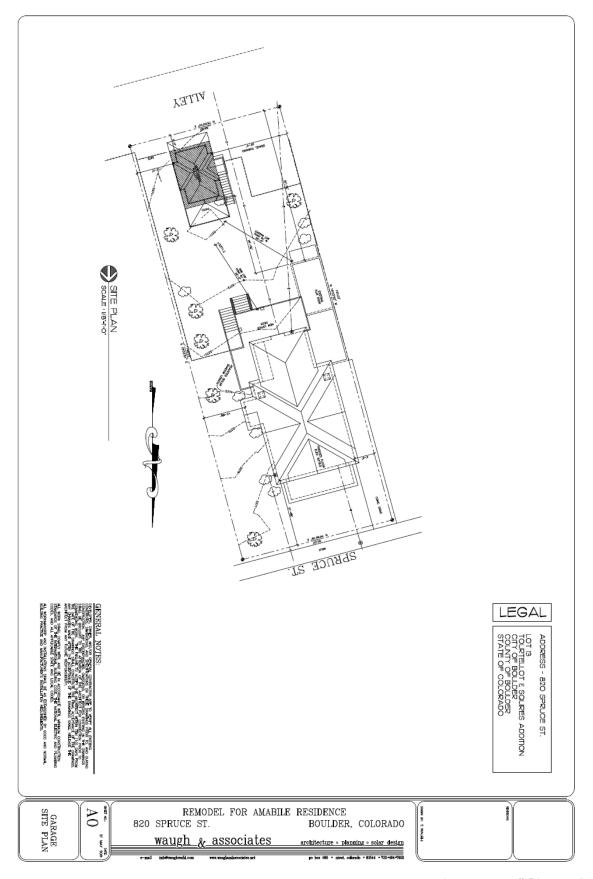
Floor Area as	Defined in 9-16-	I, B.R.C. 1981	Amount of Floor	Area that contributes to max FAR	170
	Existing (sf)	Proposed (sf)			
Level 1	1592			Perimeter above 36*	\neg
Level 2	1005	48		High Volume Space (sf)	\dashv
Level 3	401			High Volume Space (sf)	\dashv
Level 4				High Volume Space (sf)	⊣
Accessory 1	T	451			
Accessory 2					26
Accessory 3					
TOTAL	2998	499	3497	FAR	81169

Building Covere	age as Defined in	9-16-1, BRC 1981		PART - SPECIAL SECTION AND ASSESSMENT	
	Existing (sf)	Proposed (sf)	Total (sf)		
Principal	1592			Front porch total area	
Accessory 1 DI	BCK	26	week and the second	Additional porch total area	
Accessory 2	1	451			SECRETARIA CON
Accessory 3					
TOTAL	1592	477	2069		

In general, projects with contributing floor area or building coverage that is greater than 80% of the allowed maximum will require detailed and dimensioned building plans showing floor area and building coverage calculations for each building on the lot, including accessory buildings, and will be required to use an Improvement Survey Plat (L.S.P.) or Land Survey Plat (L.S.P.) to determine lot area. Projects that are permitted to use an Improvement Location Certificate (I.L.C.) will be required to submit a supplemental Lot Area Declaration Form, signed by a licensed surveyor, architect, or engineer.

, the undersigned, take full understand that incomplete vermit, or the possible revo	or inaccurate info	rmation may re	nd completene ssult in signific \\	ss of the above inf cant delays in the i	ormation. I ssuance of a building
Print Name: DAVID	WALLAH	Signature:	David	Wank	

perty Address BZO SPR	BILE				
➤ Residential □ Nonresidenti	al 🗆 Mixed Use	(Break out nonre	sidential and res	idential fixtures as	necessary.)
☐ 25% AWC ☐ 50% AWC ☐ 85				tion select an annu	al water budget.
Irrigable Areas.f. (Only development, There is a 2,000 squa irrigation meter. The water budget for Gallon Per Minute Demand of Larg the building permit application.)	re foot minimum u irrigation and the	inless this permit plant investment	is part of a bloc fee will be based	upon this number.	t with a separate
TYPE OF FIXTURE	EXISTING FIXTURES	FIXTURES TO BE REMOVED	NEW FIXTURES	NEW ROUGH-INS (NO FIXTURE INSTALLED)	EXISTING ROUGH-INS (NO FIXTURE INSTALLED)
RESIDENTIAL OR NON-RESIDENTIAL		A STATE OF THE STA			
Tank Toilet	5		COM STATE OF THE STATE OF	ASSESSED BY AND PARTY.	SERVICE CONTROL OF THE PARTY.
Sathtub / Bathtub Shower Combo	1				
Shower Stall (per head)	4				1
Sink (Bath, Hand, Bar, Lab)	7			-	
Sink (Kitchen/Compartment) Sishwasher					
ce Machine. " line size					
Vasher / Laundry Tub / Utility Sink	2				-
lose Bibb / Sill Cock / Outdoor Faucet					
loor Drain / Floor Sink					
and Trap (Interceptor)					7 7
THER: (Follures that may use city water or scharge into city sewer.)					
ON-RESIDENTIAL				A PROPERTY COMPANY	
ush Valve Toilet					
dustrial Dishwasher				-	
everage Hook-up	-				
inking Fountain			-		
nk (Service / Mop / Janitor)					
nergency Eye Wash					
nergency Shower					
Well					
ease Trap (Interceptor) THER: (Fixtures that may use city water or			-		
harge into city sewer.)					
,			ness of the abo		



Agenda Item # 5A Page 36

